NATIONAL CULTURE FUND

ANNUAL REPORT

2018-19



NATIONAL CULTURE FUND

ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED ACCOUNTS 2018-19

PREFACE

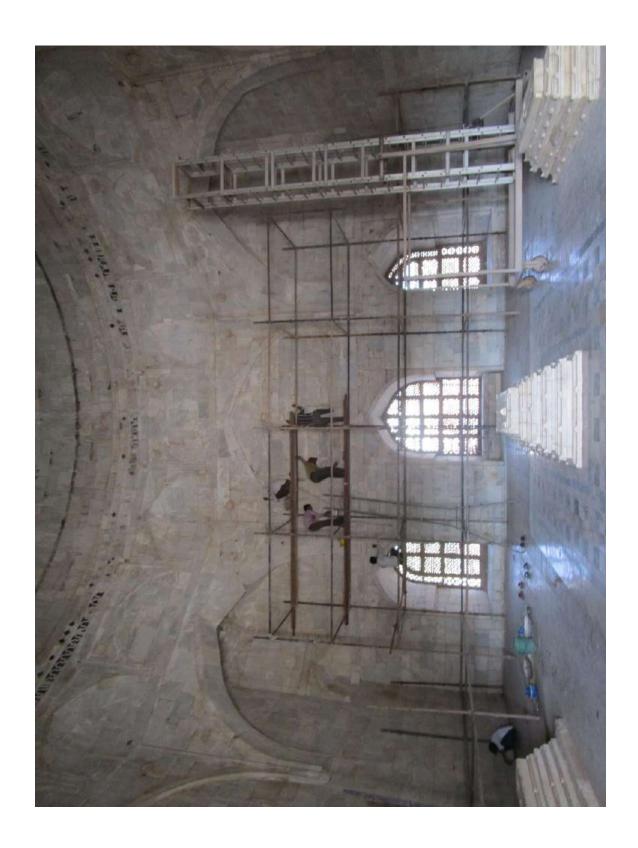
During the year 2018-19, National Culture Fund (NCF) has unrelentingly continued its thrust on re-framing & revitalizing its ongoing projects and striven towards their completion.

Not only has it established new partnerships, but has also taken steps forwards towards finalizing the existing partnerships in a holistic way.

Year on Year the activities and actions of NCF have grown owing to the awareness as well as necessity to preserve and protect India's rich culture and heritage. The relentless efforts of NCF in the year 2018-19 for being instrumental in preserving and conserving the heritage are being recorded in this Annual NCF also ensures Report. accountability and credibility for being a brand image for the Government, corporate sector and civil society.

The field of heritage conservation and development of the art and culture is vast and important and NCF will continue to develop and make a positive contribution to the field in the years to come.





CONTENTS

S.No.	Details	Page No.
1.	INTRODUCTION TO NATIONAL CULTURE FUND	6
2.	OBJECTIVES OF NATIONAL CULTURE FUND	8
3.	MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION	9
4.	STRUCTURE OF THE NATIONAL CULTURE FUND	9-11
5.	HIGHLIGHTS OF 2018-19	12
	i projects completed in 2018-19	12
	ii new initiatives in 2018-19	18
6.	ON-GOING PROJECTS	20
7.	AUDITED STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS	55-78



NATIONAL CULTURE FUND

1. INTRODUCTION TO NATIONAL CULTURE FUND

The National Culture Fund (NCF) was set up by the Govt. of India, Department of Culture (now Ministry of Culture), as a Trust under the Charitable Endowment Act, 1890 through a Gazette Notification published in the Gazette of India 28th November, 1996.

NCF was visualized as a mechanism to elicit people's support, both intellectual and financial, to forge public private partnership for culture related endeavors.

The culture of India is one of the oldest and unique. In India there is an amazing cultural diversity, which has resulted in a unique plurality of religion, language, architecture, traditions and customs. To make this unique idea of diverse India to blossom unfettered and unhindered for times to come, efforts at individual and organizational levels have to be initiated. The constitution of India guarantees cultural rights in the following terms -

"Any section of the citizens residing in the territory of India or any part thereof having a distinct language, script or culture of its own shall have the right to conserve the same." Without any cultural policy or any institute/department of cultural management, we cannot afford to play with a legacy meant to be preserved for posterity.

Today, throughout the world, cultural heritage is under attack and threat, challenging the continuity of the cultural heritage. The reasons include environmental degradation & climate change, socio economic pressures, accelerating pace of urbanization and the strains of global tourism. Indeed it is high time that remedies towards preserving our past are taken.

The social demands for cultural preservation outstrip the available government resources and thus have to be met with active collaboration of governmental agencies with private ones.

It has been realized that the expenditure on culture is not a wasteful expenditure but a contribution to human and social development. The vast remains of cultural past in our country have to be preserved in the best manner, by way of making appropriate adjustments and innovations in the patterns of cultural funding in India. Hence, it becomes important to explore the connection between the social responsibility of the corporate and the continuity of our heritage resources. As the country aims and strives to sustain its heritage resources, the corporate sector can play a significant role as a participant and a catalyst in the process of sustainable heritage management and preservation.

Considering above facts, National Culture Fund (NCF) was set up by the Government of India, Department of Culture (now Ministry of Culture), as a Trust under the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 through a Gazette Notification published in the Gazette of India, 28th November, 1996. NCF is an innovative pattern of cultural funding which enables institutions and individuals to perform their rightful role in promoting and preserving

India's rich cultural heritage and to a larger extent, to provide for, financially the cultural aspirations of the society and the nation.

Funding projects through NCF under CSR, recognizes that corporate social responsibility is not merely compliance; it is a commitment to support initiatives that measurably improve the initiatives largely in Nation's interest. Among many focus areas as notified under Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013 and Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules 2014, CSR funding for preservation of cultural property can be covered in the following clause of CSR policy-

"Protection of national heritage, art & culture including restoration of buildings & sites of historical importance & works of art; setting up public libraries; promotion & development of traditional arts & handicrafts;"

Under NCF, it is possible for a donor to identify a tangible or intangible project or a monument along with any specific aspect of funding and also an agency for the execution of the project.

❖ THERE ARE NUMEROUS BENEFITS TO THE NCF DONOR COMING FORWARD FOR PARTNERSHIP WITH NCF, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING -

- 1. Donations to the National Culture Fund are eligible for 100% tax benefit under Section 80G (ii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- 2. NCF provides flexibility in project management through a MoU clearly mentioning the role of the donor, NCF and Project Implementation Committee (PIC).
- 3. The Project is implemented and monitored through a joint Project Implementation Committee (PIC) having a representative of NCF and donor.
- 4. Provision is made for installation of plaques at every development site to facilitate acknowledgement of the donors, collaborators and partners.

NCF partakes inbuilt accountability towards the Indian Parliament and the donors for the activities commissioned under its aegis. In a larger sense the NCF is envisaged to work in partnership and coherence with the Corporate and Public Sector, NGOs, and State Governments, to allow them to contribute towards the conservation, preservation and development of the tangible and intangible culture and cultural expressions.

Simultaneously NCF is striving further to bolster inter-disciplinary research; the creation of new galleries, museums and imparting/organizing skill enhancing professional training in cultural activities.

Through these diverse initiatives, programs and ideas, NCF seeks to stimulate and spearhead the heritage awareness with special reference to preservation, conservation and maintenance of India's rich cultural property, both tangible and intangible.

❖ OBJECTIVES OF NATIONAL CULTURE FUND

- i) Generate and utilize funds for conservation, maintenance, promotion, protection, up gradation and development of monuments protected or otherwise.
- ii) Undertake studies and research on artistic, scientific and technical problems for the rehabilitation of cultural and natural heritage.
- iii) Impart training to staff members and professionals in the fields of cultural heritage.
- iv) Protect and promote artistic endeavor in all its forms, particularly innovative experiments in the arts.
- v) Provide additional space in existing museums and construct new museums to accommodate or create new and special galleries.
- vi) Formulate strategies at local, municipal or regional levels to promote cultural development and advancement of society
- vii) Provide equipment to organizations, governmental and non-governmental, involved in the preservation and promotion of cultural and natural heritage.
- viii) Promote international cultural cooperation for the development of indigenous expertise and human resources and activities within the ambit of Cultural Exchange Programmes entered into between India and other countries.
- ix) Provide funds at low interest, including interest free loans, for projects or any other activity for the purpose of conservation of heritage.

2. MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

The National Culture Fund is managed by a Council and an Executive Committee.

The Hon'ble Minister, Culture, is the Chairperson of the Council.

The Executive Committee is chaired by the Secretary, Ministry of Culture.

The Council has a maximum strength of twenty four members, with a maximum of nineteen eminent members representing the corporate and public sector, private foundations and nonprofit organizations.

Each project is managed independently by a Project Implementation Committee (PIC) that has due representation from the donor/contributor/co-promoter/implementing agencies. The Project Implementation Committee has representation from NCF and whenever required civic authorities and the Archaeological Survey of India.

A separate joint Bank Account is maintained for each project that is operated by the representative of NCF and the Donor/Funding Agencies.

Detailed accounts of each project are incorporated in the NCF Accounts which is audited by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India annually.

❖ STRUCTURE OF NATIONAL CULTURE FUND

	CIL	
1.	Hon'ble Minister of Culture	Chairman (Ex-officio)
2.	Secretary (Culture)	Member (Ex-officio)
3.	Additional Secretary & FA, Ministry of Culture	Member (Ex-officio)
4.	Joint Secretary, In-charge of NCF, Ministry of Culture	Member (Ex-officio)
5.	Director General Archaeological Survey of India	Member Secretary (Exofficio)
6.	DS/Director, In-charge of NCF, Ministry of Culture	Member (Ex-officio)
7.	Shri S.M. Garg	Member

8	Shri Sushil Chandra Tripathi, IAS (Retd.)	Member
9	Padma Shri Dr. R.S. Bisht	Member
10	Shri Divay Gupta	Member
11	Ms. Devika	Member
12	Dr. Sabyasachi Mukherjee	Member
13	Dr. Bharat Sharma	Member
14	Mrs. Jyotsna Suri	Member
15	Shri Nakul Anand	Member
16	Shri Dilip Chenoy	Member
17	Shri Ombeer Singh Tyagi	Member
18	Mrs. Kiran Nadar	Member
19	Shri Vishal Goyal	Member
20	Shri Padma Kumar J.R.	Member
21	Shri Vipin Malhan	Member
22	Shri T.N. Chaurasia	Member

Executive Committee				
1.	Secretary (Culture)	President		
		(Ex-officio)		

2.	Additional Secretary & FA, Ministry of Culture	Member (Ex-officio)
3.	Joint Secretary, In-charge of NCF, Ministry of Culture	Member (Ex-officio)
4.	Director General Archaeological Survey of India	Member (Ex-officio)
5.	DS/Director, In-charge of NCF, Ministry of Culture	Member Secretary (Ex- officio)
6	Shri S.M. Garg	Member
7	Shri Sushil Chandra Tripathi, IAS (Retd.)	Member
8	Dr.Bharat Sharma	Member
9	Shri Nakul Anand	Member
10	Shri Dilip Chenoy	Member

3. HIGHLIGHTS OF 2018-19

> PROJECTS COMPLETED IN 2018-19

Four projects that got completed in the FY2018-19:

1. Jaisalmer Fort, Rajasthan

MoU signed on : 13th August, 2003

Funder/Partners : M/s World Monuments Fund Project Description : Renovation of Jaisalmer Fort

A tripartite MoU was signed between ASI-WMF-NCF on 13th August, 2003 for the Conservation of Jaisalmer Fort, Rajasthan.

The conservation of Jaisalmer Fort was undertaken by WMF in financial partnership with ASI in 2003 with a grant of Rs.USD500,000 on 1:2 cost sharing bais, towards the restoration of the critically endangered Fort. The contribution of ASI in project is Rs.4 Crore. A number of studies, scientific monitoring of the movement in the hillside, infrastructure development etc. has been completed. More than 3 crore has been spent under the project.



NATIONAL CULTURE FUND



2. CONSERVATION, DEVELOPMENT & MAINTENANCE OF "PURANA QILA", NEW DELHI

MoU signed on : 30.03.2017

Funder/Partners: National Buildings Construction Corporation Ltd.

(NBCC)/ASI/NCF

Project Description: Conservation, Development & maintenance of "Purana Qila"

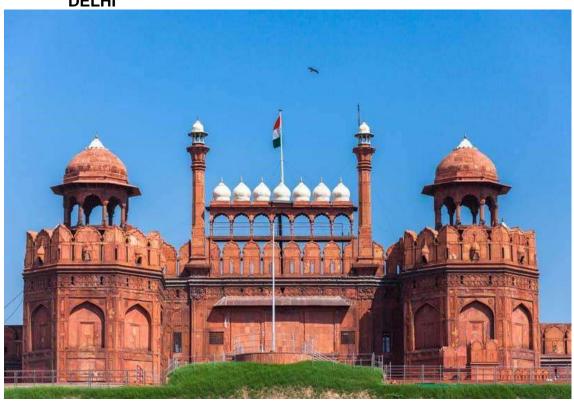
The MoU between ASI-NCF-NBCC for the Project at Purana Qila, New Delhi has been signed on 30.03.2017. The main aim of this MoU is the Conservation, restoration, development of monument precinct, upkeep of monument and museum, development to ensure better presentation and conservation of the monuments and development of various tourists related amenities and highlight the history, heritage value of the monument and its surrounding along with its context.

NBCC agrees to support the project of "Conservation, Development & maintenance of "Purana Qila" and will provide funds of upto Rs 14.35 Crore. The MoU shall be valid for a period of three years from the date of signing and for a further period of maximum 2 years, mutually decided by the parties to the MoU.



Purana Quila, Delhi

3. UPGRADATION OF SWATANTRATA SANGRAM SANGRAHALAYA, RED FORT, DELHI



MoU signed on : 30th October,2014

Funder/Partners: Bharat Heavy Electricals limited.(BHEL)

Project Descriptio: Upgradation of Swatantrata Sangram Sangrahalaya, Red

Fort, Delhi.

Red Fort, Delhi

An MoU between ASI-NCF-BHEL project was signed on 30.10.2014 for "Refurbishment of Swatantrata Sangram Sangrahalaya, Red Fort, New Delhi for Rs.2 crores.

This project aims to upgrade the Museum Infrastructure, including visitor facilities, museum shop, Museum Education Programmes and bring the display, storage and presentation of the Museum collections to international standards.

The vision for the Swatantrata Sangram Sangralaya is that of making this museum truly worthy of being the iconic National museum that encapsulates the story of the Freedom movement of India and sets it apart as the premier cultural site that captures the story of the Indian Freedom Movement. It is envisaged that this initiative to restore and upgrade the museum shall make this an icon of India's freedom struggle and create through its design and narrative, an experience for the visitor that would mark its place in modern Indian history and capture the spirit of the national struggle for freedom that paved the way for the foundation of India as a sovereign nation.

The museum is set within the historic ramparts of the Red Fort, which is not only a UNESCO World Heritage Site but also has immense significance as it was once the capital of the Mughals. This site had also played a key role in the first War of Independence in 1857 and it remains important till this day too, as the Prime Minister of the country unfurls the National flag here at every Independence Day.

Through the museum upgradation plan, it is envisaged that this site would be treated with care and a refined design sensibility that balances a sensitivity towards history as well as a healthy respect for modern technology, to upgrade and reinvent the present museum and propel it to the status of a seminal national level museum, bringing it at par with international museums across the world.

BHEL had deposited only Rs.40 lakh in the project account as first installment of the financial contribution towards base line survey/need assessment and preparing DPR for the project. Preparation of DPR of the above project has been completed.

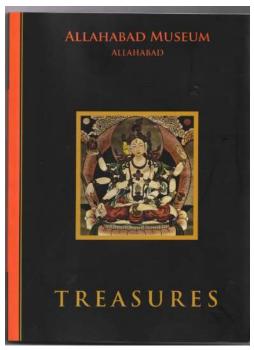
4. <u>Treasures of Indian Museum-Allahabad Museum</u>

MoU signed on : 10th August 2013

Funder/Partners : National Culture Fund and Allahabad Museum.

Project Description : Design, preparation and production of a publication series

entitled: "Treasures of Indian Museum Series"



Publication on Treasures of Allahabad Museum

NCF agreed to undertake the project on the design, preparation and printing of a high quality publication series titled "TREASURES of Indian Museums", showcasing their extraordinary collections. 5 museums namely, National Museum(Delhi), Indian Museum(Kolkata), CVMVS (Mumbai), Salar Jung Museum (Hyderabad) and Allahabad Museum (Allahabad) agreed to collaborate with NCF to print this publication series. Publication of the -Treasures of Indian Museum got completed.

5. CONSERVATION OF NATIONAL MONUMENTS

MoU signed on : 22nd December 2009 Funder : M/s NTPC/ASI/NCF

Project Description: Conservation and Development of the following

monuments:

Group of Monuments, Mandu

Lalitgiri /Dhauli

Group of Monuments, Mandu

The conservation work of Hoshangshah's Tomb at Mandu Distt. Dhar (M.P.) has been completed.



Excavated site, Lalitgiri

The development & Conservation of Excavated site, Lalitgiri Distt. Cuttack, Odisha has been completed.



Stupa at Lalitgiri

NATIONAL CULTURE FUND



Laying of pathway from the entrance gate to the Stupa

> NEW INITIATIVES OF NCF IN 2018-19

NCF's primary mandate is to establish and nurture Public Private Partnership (PPP) in the field of heritage. NCF's role is to catalyze relationships between private, public, government, non-government agencies, private institutions and foundations and mobilize resources for the restoration, conservation, protection and development of India's rich, natural, tangible and intangible heritage.

- NCF is continuously writing letters to PSU/Private sector. In response to this letter IIFCL has donated Rs. 5.00 crore to NCF for the year 2017. They have given NCF again additional fund for Rs.1.46 crore for various projects available under NCF.
- The Group 'Vijit Dhammanuwat (Vong) Bhikku', consists of senior citizens of the Royal Kingdom of Thailand who have a common interest to contribute towards the preservation of important historic Buddhist sites in India. The Group has shown interest to support the preservation of the Dhamekh Stupa in Sarnath, and the Mahaparinirvana Temple in Kushinagra by contributing approximately Rs. 20 lakh rupees for each of these sites i.e., total Rs 40 lakhs through NCF.

The Donor has deposited the funds with NCF in a separate project account.

CORPUS FUND

Annual Report 2018-19

Financial Position of the National Culture Fund as on 31st March 2019 (FY 2018-19)

The total amount available with NCF as on 31st March 2019 is Rs.105.60 crore and include

Primary Corpus : Rs. 19.50 crore
Interest on Corpus : Rs. 29.70 crore
Project Funds : Rs. 56.40 crores

(VI) ONGOING PROJECTS: 2018-19

S.No.	Project	MoU signed	Sponsors
1	A) Development of Tourist infrastructure facilities at Konark Sun Temple, Odisha	30.3.2001	Indian Oil Foundation
	B) Development of Tourist infrastructure facilities at Khajuraho Group of Temples, MP	30.3.2001	Indian Oil Foundation
	C) Development of tourist infrastructure facilities at Vaishali, Bihar	30.3.2001	Indian Oil Foundation
	D) Development of Conservation work and tourist facilities at Bhoganandishwara temple, Bengaluru, Karnataka	30.3.2001	Indian Oil Foundation
	E) Development of tourist infrastructure facilities at Kanheri Caves, Maharashtra	30.3.2001	Indian Oil Foundation
2	Lodhi Tomb Project, New Delhi	10.1.2006	Steel Authority of India
3.	Lauria Nandangarh	18.12.2007	Bokaro Steel Plant
4.	Krishna Temple, Hampi, Karnataka	12.6.2008	Hampi Foundation & WMF
5.	Hidimba Devi Temple, Himachal Pradesh	15.7.2008	UCO Bank, Chandigarh
6.	Alambazar Math Project, Kolkata, West Bengal	14.10.2008	Alambazar Math & NCF
7.	Gardens of Ibrahim Rauza and Gol Gumbaz, Bijapur, Karnataka	11.122009	Naurus Trust
8.	Conservation of Excavated site at Vikramshila, Bihar	22.12.2009	M/s NTPC Ltd.
9.	Conservation of Ahom	29.6.2010	ONGC

	Monuments, Sibsagardistt.,Assam		
	1. Rang Ghar		
	2. KarengGhar(Garhgaon)		
	3. TalatalGhar(Joysagar)		
	4. Group of Madaims at Cheraideo		
10.	Hazarduari Palace, District Murshidabad, West Bengal	13.7.2010	State Bank of India, Kolkata
11.	Restoration of Shri Bhulleshwar Temple, Pune,	26.3.2013	Smt. UttaradeviCharita
	Maharashtra		ble & Research
			Foundation
12	Up gradation of Sarnath Site & Museum	31.05. 2017	Sony India Pvt. Ltd
13	Installation of turnstile/ticketing system at 9	19.11.2017	Indian Infrastructure
	monuments. (unr umbrella MoA signed on		Finance Company
	9.3.2016)		Limited (IIFCL)
Si	nort Term projects		
14	Preparation of DPR for	21.7.2011	Venugopal Mandir Trus
	Old RangnathMandir,Pushkar,(Raj.)		t and NCF
15	Preparation of DPR for ASI Site Museum, Nalanda, Bihar	16.04.2015	NCF

❖ DETAILS OF ONGOING PROJECTS OF 2018-19

1. RESTORATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF MONUMENTS

MoU signed on : 30th March 2001

Funders/Partners: Indian Oil Corporation and Indian Oil Foundation (IOF),

ASI, NCF

Project Description: Restoration and Development of the following 5 monuments:

Indian Oil, through the NCF and ASI, will fund conservation works and develop worldclass facilities and conveniences for the tourists at these sites. The following world/ national heritage are selected for development of tourist / public infrastructure facilities:

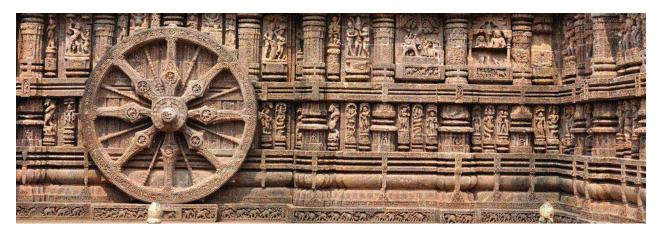
- A) Konark Sun Temple Complex, Odisha
- B) Khajuraho Group of Temples, Madhya Pradesh
- C)Kolhua, near Vaishali, Bihar
- D) Kanheri caves, Maharashtra
- E) Bhoganandishwara Temple, Karnataka

(A) SUN TEMPLE COMPLEX, KONARK, ODISHA

Ornately sculpted, this thirteenth century Hindu place of worship depicts the vast chariot of Sun god, Surya. The temple was conceived as a gigantic solar chariot with twelve pairs of exquisitely-ornamented wheels dragged by seven rearing horses. The temple comprises a sanctum with a lofty (presumably over 68 m. high) sikhara, a jagamohana and a detached nata-mandira (hall of dance) in the same axis, besides numerous subsidiary shrines. Over time, the sanctum and the nata-mandira have lost their roof. The nata-mandira exhibits a more balanced architectural design than that of other Odishan temples. The sanctum displays superb images of the Sun-god in the three projections, which are treated as miniature shrines.



Sun Temple ,Konark



One of the Wheels at the wall of Sun Temple, Konark

Development of Tourist facilities by The Indian Oil Foundation:

- Main Avenue Landscaped, street-scaped avenue from outer ring road to entry gate for straight access and better view of the iconic Sun Temple
- Interpretation Centre Four display galleries, audio-visual centre (seating capacity: 200 persons), VIP lounge, Administration Office, Brochure/ Souvenir Counter, Snacks Counter, Toilet Blocks & Ticket Counter
- Landscaping in the remaining area
- Main Parking Facilities for adequate parking, for about 60 buses, Toilet Block, Waiting Lounge, Water Points, Snacks Counter and landscaping.

(B) KHAJURAHO GROUP OF TEMPLES:

The Khajuraho group of monuments is a group of Hindu and Jain temples in Madhya Pradesh, India. Located about 175 kilometres southeast of Jhansi, they are among the UNESCO World Heritage Sites in India. Khajuraho, the ancient Kharjjura-vahaka, represents a distinct pattern of art and temple architecture of its own, reminding one of the rich and creative period witnessed during the Chandella rule. It was the principal seat of authority of the Chandella rulers who adorned it with numerous tanks, scores of lofty temples of sculptural grace and architectural splendour. The local tradition lists 85 temples but now only 25 are standing in various stages of preservation. But for Chausath-Yogini, Brahma and Mahadeva, which are made of granite, all the other temples are of fine-grained sandstone, buff, pink or pale yellow in colour.



Khajuraho

Development of Tourist facilities :

Proposed Facilities at Western Group

- Visitor facility centre (within approx. 5600 sq. mtrs.)
- Facility Zone with adequate bus / car/ 2/3 wheeler (within approx. 2800 sq. mtrs.)
- Main Avenue Approach road development
- Entrance Gates, Parking, Shelters, Toilet blocks, etc.

Proposed Facilities at Eastern Group:

- Parking Area
- Entrance Gates, Shelter, Toilet blocks, etc.

Proposed Facilities at Southern Group

Entrance Gates, Shelter, Toilet blocks, Guard Cabin etc.

(C) VAISHALI IN BIHAR:

Vaishali, today, is a small village surrounded by banana and mango groves as well as rice fields. But excavations in the area have brought to light an impressive historical past. The epic Ramayana tells the story of the heroic King Vishal who ruled here. Historians maintain that one of the world's first democratic republics with an elected assembly of representatives flourished here in the 6th century B.C. in the time of the Vajjis and the Lichchavis. And while Pataliputra, capital of the Mauryas and the Guptas, held political sway over the Gangetic plain, Vaishali was the centre for trade and industry. Legend has it that Lord Buddha visited Vaishali frequently and at Kolhua, situated close by, preached his last sermon. To commemorate the event, Emperor Ashoka, in the third century B.C., erected one of his famous lion pillars here. A hundred years after the Mahaparinirvana of

the Buddha - Vaishali hosted the second great Buddhist council. Two stupas were erected to commemorate this event.



Stupa, Vaishali

Development of Tourist facilities at Kolhua:

Proposed Facilities at KOLHUA Interpretation Centre:

The Interpretation Centre mainly consist of single storey building within a land measuring 60m x 60m only comprising of:

- Audio Visual Centre
- Display Galleries, Office Block & Reception
- Ticket Counter
- VIP Lounge, Child Care Room, First Aid centre
- · Cafeteria (Food Court) & Drinking water spouts
- Souvenir shop, She/He Toilet Block
- Electrification, Mechanical & Plumbing, Signages, Sit outs (Benches) etc.,
- Security arrangements such as Metal Detectors, CCTV etc.,

The surrounding area will have Sit Outs/ Rain Shelter, internal & external electrification, mechanical & plumbing works including placing of Information Signages at important points.

Till now all major civil work has been completed. Finishing and cleaning work is going on. Exhibition gallery work has been completed where the furniture will be installed



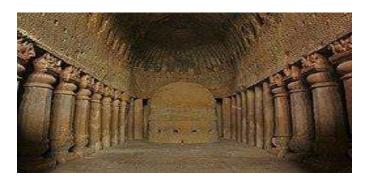
Main Building (Administration Block) - Kolhua (Vaishali)



Cafeteria/Gallery/Audio Video Block

(D) KANHERI CAVES, MUMBAI:

The Kanheri Caves constitute a group of rock-cut monuments that are located to the north of Borivali on the western outskirts of Mumbai. Kanheri, the Kanhasela, Krishnagiri, Kanhagiri of ancient inscriptions, was a major Buddhist centre. Kanheri is located in the island of Salsette, six miles from Thane. The caves are excavated in volcanic breccia, the hills rising at places to 1550 feet above mean sea level. Kanheri is credited with the largest number of cave excavations in a single hill. To the west is the Borivali railway station and across the creek is the Arabian Sea.



Cave 3, Kanheri caves, Mumbai

NATIONAL CULTURE FUND

Development of Tourist facilities:

The proposed development of various type of facilities in and around Kanheri Caves is given below:

For open area, adjoining to caves--

Visitor facilities/amenities at the Entrance

- Ticket Counter
- Souvenir shop & Coconut counter etc.
- Renovation/ up-gradation of main entrance and ticketing counter

Land adjoining to Caves

- Cafeteria
- Rain Shelter
- · Renovation of Toilets
- Landscaping etc.
- Sit outs (Benches)

Interpretation Centre in existing Hall structure

Other Works related to Safety & information to the Tourist

- Signages
- Security arrangements such as Metal Detectors, CCTV etc)
- Silent Generator Set
- Drinking water Facility (Water supply arrangements to be explored, Tube well etc.
- Making Ramp, Railings wherever required

(E) BHOGANANDISHWARA TEMPLE NEAR BANGALORE:

The Bhoganandiswara temple is architecturally one of the most important specimens of Dravidian order datable to circa 9th to 15th century A.D. Enclosed in its own prakara measuring 112.8m x 76.2m with double mahadwara, this complex consists of twin temples dedicated to Siva as Bhoganandiswara (north) and Arunachaleswara (south). Between the two is a small intervening shrine. The Bhoganandiswara Temple is located in the Nandi Hills Area, in Bangalore Rural district. It is a perfect weekend getaway. The hills offer many places of interest amidst pristine forests, including the Nandi fort built by Tipu Sultan.

Development of Tourist facilities:

The proposed development of facilities around Bhoganandishwara Temple complex are

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given below:

- Development of Visitor's Plaza with Parking (30-40 vehicles), visitor amenities, kiosks, Interpretation Centre, public conveniences, souvenir shops and small cafeteria.
 - Development of Signages for the whole complex.
 - Illumination of the Temple complex including the cloister mandap & operation for 10 years.
 - Environmental improvement & Landscape works

2. LODHI TOMB PROJECT, NEW DELHI

MoU signed on : 10th January, 2006

Funders/Partners : Steel Authority of India Ltd./ ASI / NCF

Project description : Conservation and Preservation of Lodhi Tombs,

New Delhi.



Lodhi Tomb, Delhi

The monuments at Lodhi Garden represent fine examples of pre-Mughal era buildings and stand out as landmarks within the city, Lodhi Tomb is situated amidst the famous Lodhi Garden.

Lodhi Tomb entombs Sikandar Lodhi. The other mausoleums situated inside the Lodhi Gardens, along with the Lodhi tomb, include the Tomb of Muhammad Shah, Shish Gumbad and Bara Gumbad. the tomb of Sikandar Lodhi is an octagonal tomb that is known for its beautiful Mughal architecture. It said to have signified the resumption of the Sayyid type architectural style, with the typical octagonal plan, deep veranda and tall arches. The tomb has been adorned with a double dome top are stands proudly at the center of an enclosed area, which is entered from a south-facing huge gateway. The first garden tomb to be constructed in the capital city of India, Lodhi Tomb dates back to the early 16th century.

3. Lauria Nandangarh

MoU signed on : 18th December, 2007 Funders/Partners : Bokaro Steel Plant

Project description : Development of infrastructure and other facilities

in Lauria Nandangarh & Chanki Garh and Rampurwa in West Champaran District of Bihar

The bokaro Steel Plant, Steel Authority of India Ltd. intend to contribute funds towards the improvement of tourist amenities and gardens at the monuments and sites located in Lauriya Nandan Garh, Chanki Garh and Rampurwa in West Champaran District of Bihar by contributing a sum of Rs.50.00 lakhs.



Lauria Nandangarh

4. DEVELOPMENT OF KRISHNA TEMPLE, HAMPI, KARNATAKA

MoU signed on : 12th June 2008

Funders/Partners : Hampi Foundation / WMF/ ASI / NCF

Project Description : Development of Krishna Temple, Hampi, Karnataka



Krishna Temple, Hampi

This temple was built by the king (Krishnadevaraya) in 1513 AD. The main idol installed in the temple was the figure of Balakrishna (Lord Krishna as infant). This idol is now displayed in the State Museum at Chennai. This is one of the few temples where the epic stories are carved on the walls of the tower. This is fairly an undamaged specimen of a Vijayanagara era temple.

An inscription describing the conquest and the consecration of this temple on 16 February 1515 by **Krishnadevaraya** is found on a slab in front of this temple. Only a part of the superstructure of the east gopuram exists, but its west face contains fine stucco figures of warriors with shields, spirited horses and elephants. This perhaps represents a war scene connected with Krishnadeva Raya's Orissa campaign.

The inner sides of the entrance exhibit beautifully sculptured Apsaras standing on mythical animals and holding scrolls filled with panels showing the ten incarnations of the lord. Like all major temple complexes, Krishnapura, a suburb, is developed around this temple. The bazaar in front is now a lush paddy field.

5. HIDIMBA DEVI TEMPLE, MANALI, HIMACHAL PRADESH

Annual Report 2018-19

MoU signed on : 15th July 2008

Funder/Partners : UCO Bank/ ASI/ NCF

Project Description : Improving Tourist amenities at Hidimba Devi

Temple



Hidimba Devi Temple, also known as the **Hidimba Temple**, is located in Manali. It is an ancient cave temple dedicated to a Devi, from the Indian epic, Mahābhārata. The temple is surrounded by cedar forest at the foot of the Himālayas. The sanctuary is built over a huge rock jutting out of the ground, which was worshiped as an image of the deity. The structure was built in 1553.

The Hidimba Devi Temple has intricately carved wooden doors and a 24 meter tall wooden "shikhar" or tower above the sanctuary. The tower consists of three square roofs covered with timber tiles and a fourth brass cone-shaped roof at the top. The earth goddess Durga forms the theme of the main door carvings .An Addendum to the MoU has been signed by ASI, NCF and UCO Bank to modify the scope of work.

6. ALAMBAZAR MATH, KOLKATA, WEST BENGAL

MoU signed on : 14th October, 2008 Funders/Partners : Alam Bazar Math / NCF

Project Description: Renovation, reconstruction of Alambazar Math



Alambazar Math, Kolkata

The Alambazar Math was established in February, 1892. The disciples of Swami Abhedanand, Swami Vivekananda, Ramakrishnanand, Gourima and others assembled here and spent their life in meditation, practice of religious austerity, charitable works and worship.

The project comprises of two components:

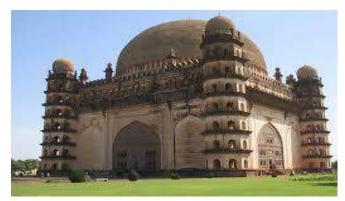
- Restoration, renovation and preservation of Alambazar.
- Rehabilitation, relocation/improvement of the existing school, dispensary etc

7. REVITALIZATION OF GARDENS OF IBRAHIM RAUZA AND GOL GUMBAZ, BIJAPUR, KARNATAKA

MoU signed on :11th December, 2009 Funders/Partners : M/s Naurus Trust/ ASI/ NCF Project Description : Revitalization of Gardens of Ibrahim Rauza and Gol

Gumbaz, Bijapur

Annual Report 2018-19



Gol Gumbaz, Bijapur

Gol Gumbaz, the mausoleum of Muhammad Adil Shah (AD 1626 –56) located in Bijapur, District Bijapur, Karnataka State is an important monument of Indo-Islamic architecture. The structure consists of a massive square chamber measuring nearly 50 m (160 ft) on each side and covered by a huge dome 37.9 m (124 ft) in diameter making it the second largest dome structure in the world. The most fascinating and remarkable feature of the Gol Gumbaz is its acoustical system. Within the building are the tombs of Muhammad Adil Shah, his two wives, his mistress, his daughter and grandson.

The Gol Gumbaz campus also has an excellent water supply system as suggested by the presence of a number of water tanks, tank cum fountains, tank cum lifts and wells.

Gardens were an integral part of the design of the monument, as demonstrated in the incomplete tomb of Jahan Begum (the wife of Mohammed Adil Shah) outside Bijapur. The importance of understanding the original gardens goes beyond the visual as shown in the Ibrahim Rauza, which suffers from periodic flooding and the Gol Gumbaz where the watering of the lawns was causing moisture to seep into the basement of the building.

The project aims to re-establish the relationship between the garden and the building to the extent possible.

Objectives of the Project -

- To revitalize the gardens of the Ibrahim Rauza and the Gol Gumbaz, to capture the spirit and style of the landscape of the historical period keeping in mind contemporary uses and concerns
- To build a methodology from this experience, to be applied to other gardens in the region, including building a team which can study, analyse and conserve the gardens of this period.

8. CONSERVATION OF NATIONAL MONUMENT

MoU signed on : 22nd December 2009 Funder : M/s NTPC/ASI/NCF

Project Description: Conservation and Development of the following

monument

Excavated area of Vikramshila

Vikramaśīla University

It was one of the two most important centers of Buddhist learning in India during the Pala dynasty, along with Nālandā University. Vikramaśīla was established by King Dharmapala (783 to 820) in response to the supposed decline in quality of scholarship at Nālandā. Vikramasila is located at about 50 km east of Bhagalpur in Bihar.



Vikramshila site



Vikramshila site

9. CONSERVATION OF AHOM MONUMENTS, ASSAM

MoU signed on : 29th June, 2010 Funder/Partners : M/s ONGC / NCF

Project Description : Renovation and maintenance of the following four Ahom

Monuments located in Sibsagar District of Assam:

- o Rang Ghar
- Kareng Ghar (Garhgaon)
- Talatalghar (Joysagar)
- o Group of Maidams (burial structures) at Cheraideo



Talatalghar, Rangpur, Assam

Sibsagar the Ocean of Lord Shiva, is a town in the Sibsagar district in the state of Assam in India, about 360 kilometres (224 mi) north east of Guwahati. Apart from its history, culture, and tanks, it is also famous for its Ahom Palaces and Monuments. The ONGC plant is close to the site.

The project is being implemented by ASI through the Regional Director, East and his team.

10. HAZARDUARI PALACE, MURSHIDABAD, WEST BENGAL

MoU signed on : 13th July 2010

Funder/Partners : State Bank of India/ Kolkata &/.NCF

Project Description: Development and Upgradation of Hazarduari

Palace Museum at Murshidabad

Hazarduari Palace is a three storied building covering an area of 41 acres built in Neo-Classical style during the time of the Nawab Najim Humayun Jah. The plan of this palace was drawn and executed by the contemporary architect Colonel McLeod Duncan between 1829 and 1837. It is a magnificent palace building, characterized by its symmetrical façade and triangular pediment portico supported by Doric Columns and can be accessed by a majestic flight of steps on northern side. Hazarduari Palace was declared a centrally protected monument of National importance through a Government of India Gazette notification in the year 1977 and the museum housed in it was taken over by the Archaeological Survey of India in 1985 from the Government of West Bengal.



Hazarduari Palace, Murshidabad, West Bengal

NATIONAL CULTURE FUND

11. BHULESHWAR TEMPLE, PUNE, MAHARASHTRA

MoU signed on : 26th March 2013

Funder/Partners : Smt. Uttaradevi Charitable and Research

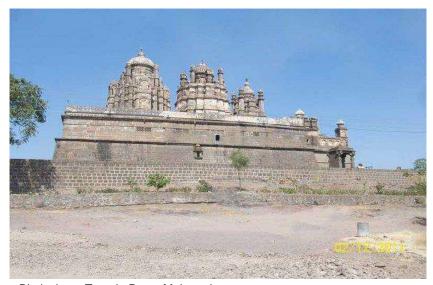
Foundation/ ASI/ NCF

Project Description : Conservation and development of Bhuleshwar

Temple, Pune Maharashtra

The Bhuleshwar Temple is a Shiva temple located in Malshiras village datable to 14th century A.D., built of stone using lime mortar. It is a Nationally protected monument under ASI. The hall or Sabhamandapa in front was built at a later date, while the exterior of the temple houses beautiful sculptured panels.

The project is being implemented by SA, Mumbai Circle, ASI.



Bhuleshwar Temple, Pune, Maharashtra

12. UP GRADATION OF SARNATH SITE & MUSEUM, VARANASI(U.P)

MoU signed with ASI on : 31 05 2017

Funder/Partners : Sony India Pvt. Ltd

Project Description : Up gradation of Sarnath Site & Museum (under

Umbrella MoA signed on 30.3.2016 between NCF-

Donor)



Sarnath Site

The scope of work is -

- Security arrangements at Sarnath Museum (installation of upgraded CCTV with latest NVit system)
- Development of personnel from security agency for frisking visitors at the entrance of museum
- Development of personnel from security agency for frisking visitors at the entrance of excavated remains of Sarnath
- Housekeeping staff at museum
- Housekeeping staff at excavated remains of Sarnath
- Sitting Plaza to be developed for visitors under the Trees
- Up-gradation of Interpretation Centre
- Fabricated shed at entrance of Museum

Till now the following works have been conducted at Sarnath Museum and excavated site under the Project

- 68 Nos. of close circuit cameras including 05 nos. monitors are installed at site and museum (62 nos. in museum + 6 nos. at site)
- Upgradation of meeting hall
- 05 nos. of sitting plaza (03 nos. of Site + 02 nos. in Museum)
- Security room of museum.

Annual Report 2018-19





Meeting Hall

Security room of museum



Monitoring unit of Installed CCTV Cameras



Sitting Plaza



Gallery of Sarnath Museum



Installation of CCTV Cameras at the site.

13. INSTALLATION OF TURNSTILE/ TICKETING SYSTEM AT 9 MONUMENTS **UNDER ASI**

MoU signed on 19.11. 2017

Funder/Partners Indian Infrastructure Finance Company Limited(IIFCL)

Project Description: Installation of turnstile/ticketing system at 9 monuments

under ASI

(under Umbrella MoA signed on 9.3.2016)

An Umbrella MoU was signed on 9th March, 2016 between National Cultural Fund (NCF), Ministry of Culture and India Infrastructure Finance Company Limited (IIFCL) for undertaking preservation and protection of cultural heritage. Subsequently a tripartite MoA was signed between NCF-ASI-IIFCL on 19th November, 2017 for "Providing Visitor Management Solution with Turnstile and Integration with Online Ticketing System (E-

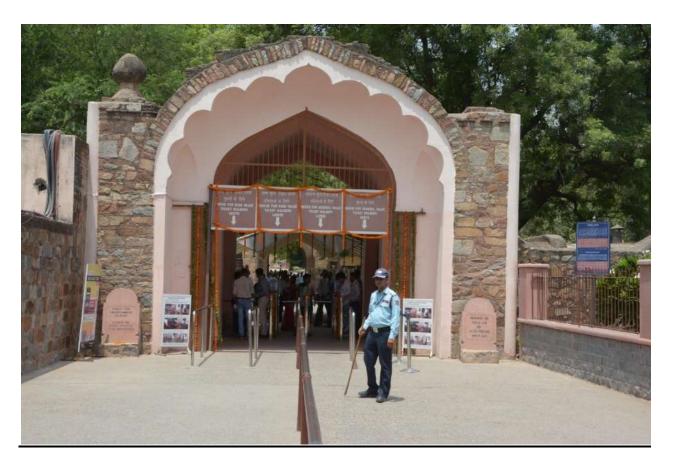
Ticketing Facility) at following ASI monuments:

- Red Fort, Delhi
- Qutub Minar, Delhi
- Humayun's Tomb, Delhi
- Purana Quila, Delhi
- Taj Mahal, Agra
- Sun Temple Konark
- Ellora Caves, Aurangabad

Annual Report 2018-19

- Bibi Ka Maqbara, Aurangabad
- Shaniwarwada, Pune

The turnstile ticketing systems are being funded under the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) initiative of India Infrastructure Finance Company Limited (IIFCL). This system will certainly provide smooth entry of the visitors inside the Monument premises. This way is more systematic, hassle free and requires less time as compared to the previous arrangement of entry..



Qutub Minar entrance

Annual Report 2018-19



Turnstile ticketing at the Entry point, Qutab Minar, New Delhi

❖ SHORT TERM PROJECTS-ONGOING

NCF's stated objectives are:

- To undertake studies and research on artistic, scientific and technical problems for the rehabilitation of cultural and natural heritage,
- To impart training to staff members and professionals in the fields of cultural heritage and
- To promote oral and other intangible forms of cultural expression and recording
- Apart from generating funds from the Public and Private Sector for conservation and protection of tangible and intangible heritage, NCF has also supported institutions in heritage projects. Under this category NCF has undertaken following projects:

14. Preparation of DPR for Rangnath Venugopal Mandir, Pushkar (Rajasthan)

MoU signed on : 14.10.14

Funder/Partners : NCF / M/s Droher(Consultants)

Project Description:

Shri Rangnath Venugopal Mandir is popularly known as Purana Rangji Mandir. It is the oldest Dravidian style temple in Pushkar ,built in 1844.

Shri Rangnath Venugopal Mandir complex is an outstanding combination of Dravidian temple architecture and Rajasthan architecture having a decorative and massive Rajasthan style entrance gate and an outer Parikrama path with lime mortar road and painted walls of inner temple with ancient decorative patterns. The residential complex of Temple is spread out over an area of 90,000 sq.ft.

The temple complex built in south Indian architecture style and Rajasthani style, is full of ornamental design with paintings of religious and mythological stories.

The walls have remarkable fresco tradition of Shekhawati region. The frescoes are deteriorating and require immediate precautions towards their preservation and conservation.

A detailed study report is required to access the condition.

An MoA was signed between NCF and M/s Droher(Consultants) on 14.10.14 for preparation of DPR for conserving Old Rangji Temple at Pushkar, Rajasthan under NCF's small grant scheme.



Old Rangji Temple ,Pushkar



Fresco at the temple, Pushkar

15. Preparation of DPR for Nalanda site museum, Bihar

MoU signed on : 16th April, 2015

Partner : M/s Astro Links (Consultants)

Project Description

The Detailed Project Report (DPR) is being prepared by M/s Astro Links(consultants). The objective of the DPR is to study the site and to suggest measures to enhance the significance of the site by undertaking conservation interventions which would not only safeguard its significance but would also provide its visitors a holistic and authentic experience.

Nalanda is an important site both historically as well as culturally. With an average foot fall of 2.5 Lakh visitors per year it is very crucial that its significance is well interpreted by the visitors.

The present site museum was built probably in 1915 as a guest house for the archaeologists working on the site excavations. It was converted into a museum in 1917 to house the antiquities excavated from Nalanda and Rajgir. Further, it was revamped in 1956. The museum building, with the coverage area of 390 sqm only is certainly not sufficient for about 13,463 artefacts.

The physical structure of the building needs to be conserved with only minimum interventions to protect the original fabric of the museum. The Annexe block will primarily cater to the visitor interpretation and facilitation. It will house functions like ticketing counter, interpretation centre, cloak room, museum shop children education area, etc.







Nalanda site



NATIONAL CULTURE FUND

Annual Report 2018-19

Nalanda site

The Nalanda museum is categorized as a 'site museum' and it is very different from any other museum. This facet should be enhanced and well interpreted through design interventions. In a site museum the remains/ explorations should be displayed very carefully so that their relationship with the site can be easily comprehended by the visitors.

Project is a part of National Culture Fund's vision of safeguarding India's rich cultural heritage. The initiative would provide a platform for exchange of ideas and their implementation by an experience multidisciplinary team with wide range of disciplines covered, such as antiquity preservation, conservation display, archaeology, art history, historic building conservation, museology, documentation, structural and civil engineering, project management, landscape designing amongst others.

Separate Audit Report of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India on the Accounts of National Culture Fund for the year ended 31 March 2019

We have audited the attached Balance Sheet of National Culture Fund (NCF) as at 31 March 2019, Income & Expenditure Account and Receipts & Payments Account for the year ended on that date under Section 20 (1) of the Comptroller and Auditor General's (Duties, Powers & Conditions of Service) Act, 1971. The audit has been entrusted for the period up to 2020-21. These financial statements are the responsibility of the National Culture Fund's Management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

- 2. This Separate Audit Report contains the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India on the accounting treatment only with regard to classification, conformity with the best accounting practices, accounting standards and disclosure norms, etc. Audit observation on financial transactions with regard to compliance with the Law, Rules & Regulations (Propriety and Regularity) and efficiency-cum performance aspects, etc., if any, are reported through Inspection Reports/CAG's Audit Reports separately.
- 3. We have conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in India. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall presentation of financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 4. Based on our audit, we report that:
- We have obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- ii. The Balance Sheet, Income & Expenditure and Receipts & Payments Account dealt with by this report have been drawn up in the Uniform format of accounts approved by the Ministry of Finance.
- iii. In our opinion, proper books of accounts and other relevant records have been maintained by the National Culture Fund in so far as it appears from our examination of such books.

iv. We further report that:

A. Balance Sheet

A.1 Liabilities:

A.1.1 Current Liabilities and Provisions (Schedule-7) ₹ 38.19 lakh

A.1.1.1. The above include long pending liabilities as detailed below:

Sl. No.	Name	₹ in lakh	Pending since
1	Sundry creditors for goods and services of ₹ 9.40 lakh included Leadership Training Programme	7.12	March 2012
2	Advances Received	4.62	June 2009
3	Payable to National Museum	7.42	Before April 2005

The long pending advances lying unadjusted need to be reviewed and settled. Doubtful amounts if any should be stated and provision should be shown as reduction there from.

B. General

- **B.1** As per Schedule 3 of the Balance Sheet there were 42 projects under NCF for which separate bank accounts were maintained. Audit noted that out of 42 projects only 20 projects were on going and the rest were already completed during 2002-2018. The accounts of the completed projects need to be reviewed and the amount of Rs. 2.00 crore lying in the accounts may be refunded to the concerned project sponsorers.
- B.2 Out of 48 bank accounts, 32 bank accounts were dormant as on 31st March 2019.
- B.3 Unspent amount of ₹ 1.01 crore received during 2002-03 and 2003-04 for Birth Centenary Celebration of Chaudhary Charan Singh was refunded to the Ministry in May 2014. However, NCF did not refund the amount of interest earned on the unspent balance. Even the interest earned on this account was not depicted separately in the annual accounts. This resulted in understatement of liability and overstatement of corpus fund to that extent. This issue was also reported in the previous year's reports, but no remedial action has been taken.
- **B.4** A demand of Rs.2.70 crore raised by the income tax authorities as an assessment order in December 2018 for the A.Y. 2016-17, against which the NCF had appealed in January 2019. This fact was not disclosed in Notes of Accounts.

C. Grants-in-aid

NCF was funded with one-time corpus fund of ₹ 1950 lakh. At the beginning of the year 2017-18, NCF had a corpus fund of ₹ 4682.27 lakh. It earned interest of ₹328.14 lakh on investments of the Fund during the year. It also had miscellaneous income of ₹42.08 lakh

during the year. Out of the available funds of ₹370.22 lakh, it utilized ₹132.01 lakh and transferred the unspent amount of ₹238.21 lakh to corpus fund. At the end of the year, NCF had the Corpus fund of ₹4920.48 lakh.

- v. Subject to our observations in the preceding paragraphs, we report that the Balance Sheet, Income & Expenditure Account and Receipts & Payments Account dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of accounts.
- vi. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the said financial statements read together with the Accounting Policies and Notes on Accounts, and subject to the significant matters stated above and other matters mentioned in Annexure to this Audit Report give a true and fair view in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India;
 - In so far as it relates to the Balance Sheet of the state of affairs of the National Culture Fund as at 31st, March 2019; and
 - b. In so far as it relates to Income and Expenditure Account of the surplus for the year ended on that date.

For and on behalf of C& AG of India

Place: New Delhi Date: 01.12.2020

Director General of Audit (Home, Education & Skill Development)

Annexure

1. Adequacy of internal audit system

Internal audit of the NCF was not conducted since inception.

2. Adequacy of internal control system

- NCF has been filing income tax returns after the due date resulting in the payment of penalty of ₹ 4.80 lakh during 2018-19 u/s 234 E of the Income Tax Act. Being a trust, it was the primary responsibility of NCF to file its returns timely to be eligible for refund. Non filing of timely returns has led to payment of penalty.
- The management's response to external audit objections is not effective as 38 inspection report paras for the period from 2002-03 to 2016-17 were outstanding.
- NCF had 32 bank accounts which were dormant.
- NCF had not framed the byelaws since its inception.
- NCF had not framed the byelaws since its inception. This was inconsistent with the Scheme approved by the Central Government, for the regulation, management, appointment of officers and their terms and conditions. This was also pointed out in the previous year's reports but the remedial action was not taken.
- NCF had not maintained fixed assets register. NCF has only furnished a computerized statement of fixed assets which was prepared by the Chartered Accountant for the convenience of the calculation of the depreciation amount. This was also pointed out in the previous year's reports, but the remedial action was not taken.
- No proper system of maintenance of vouchers exists in NCF. A test check of the vouchers for the month of March 2019 revealed following deficiencies:
 - (i) Vouchers were not maintained as per the prescribed procedures mentioned in Rule 59 of the Receipt and Payment Rules of Government of India
 - (ii) Vouchers were not supported by the sanctions and payment details.
 - (iii) Vouchers were not signed by the competent authority.

In view of the above, authenticity of vouchers made available to audit could not be vouched safe in the audit. This was also pointed out in the previous year's reports, but the remedial action was not taken.

Investments were made in Fixed Deposit without following the proper procedure and due diligence, resulting in investments in Fixed Deposits at lower rates of interest signifying deficient internal control.

3. System of physical verification of fixed assets

The physical verification of fixed assets has been conducted up to March 2019.
 However, NCF did not possess any fixed assets register nor it furnished physical verification report to audit.

4. System of physical verification of inventory

 Physical verification of stationery and consumables hasbeen conducted up to March 2019. However, NCF did not furnish any physical verification report to audit.

5. Regularity in payment of statutory dues

 No payments for over six months in respect of statutory dues were outstanding as on 31.03.2019.

Annexure to Management Letter (NCF)

- The sundry debtors of ₹ 3.91 lakh was pending since 2013. Neither review of the overdue debtors nor any provision for the same was made in the accounts.
- 2. As per the point no. 2 of the schedule 24 & 25 significant accounting policies, it was declared that depreciation on fixed assets is provided as per the prescribed Income Tax Act and the addition and deduction from fixed assets during the year depreciation is considered on pro-rata basis. In contravention of this the NCF had made additional purchases in which there were mistakes in the calculation of the depreciation. This has resulted in overstatement of depreciation by ₹0.11 lakh and understatement of assets by ₹0.11 lakh.
- 3. No proper system of maintenance of vouchers exists in NCF. A test check of the vouchers for the month of March 2019 revealed following deficiencies:
 - (i) Vouchers were not maintained as per the prescribed procedures mentioned in Rule 59 of the Receipt and Payment Rules of Government of India
 - (ii) Vouchers were not supported by the sanctions and payment details.
 - (iii) Vouchers were not signed by the competent authority.

In view of the above, authenticity of vouchers made available to audit could not be vouched safe in the audit. This was also pointed out in the previous year's reports, but the remedial action was not taken.

VIPUL KUMAR & CO

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

XV-5352/A, (First Floor)
SHORA KOTHI, PAHAR GANJ
NEW DELHI-110 055
TELEPHONE: 2356 2736, 2358 6782
TEL/FAX: 2358 6782

AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the attached Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2019 of NATIONAL CULTURE FUND with Receipt & Payment Account and Income & Expenditure Account on that date and report that.

- a) We have obtained all the information and explanation, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of accounts as required by law have been kept by the society so far as it appears from our examination of the books.
- c) The Balance Sheet and Income & Expenditure Account referred to in this report are in agreement with the books of accounts.
- d) In our opinion and to the best of our information and belief and according to the explanations given to us, the said accounts, read together with notes thereto, give a true and fair view:-
 - (i) In the case of Balance Sheet of the state of affairs of Association as at 31st March 2019
 - (ii) In the case of Income and Expenditure of the fund excess of income over expenditure of the fund for the year ended on that date.
 - (iii) In the case of Receipt & Payment Account of the movement of cash for the year ended on that date.

For VIPUL KUMAR & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

(PARTNER)

pul Kernar

PLACE: New Delhi

DATE: 4th September 2019

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF

NATIONAL CULTURE

FUND

FINANCIAL YEAR 2018-19

NATIONAL CULTURE FUND BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-03-2019

			(Alliquit No.)
CORPUS/CAPITAL FUND AND LIABILITIES	Schedule	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
CORPUS/CAPITAL FUND	_	492,047,781	468,226,994
RESERVES AND SURPLUS	2	•	
EARMARKED/ENDOWMENT FUNDS	w	564,056,459	220,368,331
SECURED LOANS AND BORROWINGS	4		
UNSECURED LOANS AND BORROWINGS	O		
DEFERRED CREDIT LIABILITIES	o o		
CURRENT LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS	7	3,819,276	3,516,010
TOTAL		1,059,923,516	692,111,335
ASSETS			
FIXED ASSETS	00	2,102,905	1,997,805
INVESTMENTS-FROM EARMARKED/ENDOWMENT FUNDS	109		
CURRENT ASSETS, LOANS, ADVANCES ETC. MISCELLANEOUS EXPENDITURE	± ;	1,057,820,611	690,113,530
TOTAL		1,059,923,516	692,111,335
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND NOTES ON ACCOUNTS	24 25		

AUDITOR'S REPORT

As per our report of even date attached

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

PLACE: NEW DEEK!

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NATIONAL CULTURE FUND

ALL MAN (CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER)

NATIONAL CULTURE FUND INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31-03-2019

	Schedule	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
NCOME	12		
Income from Sales/Services	1 12	2.000	1,880
Grants/Subsidies	1 0		
Fees/Subscriptions	15 1	à	•
Income from Investments (Income on Investments Iron Earmansea Care Towns Come on Towns Income from Royalty, Publication etc.	16	32 814 560	24.146.569
Interest Earned	à :	A 20% 600	951 931
Other Income	5 5	1,200,000	
Increase/(decrease) in stock of Finished goods and work in progress	-		
TOTAL (A)		37,022,160	25,100,380
TYPENDITI IDE			000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Establishment Expenses	21	4,055,033	1,275,425
Other Administrative Expelises etc.	22	4,651,121	
Expenditure on Grants, Subsidies etc.	23	480,555	5,598,765
Interest Depreciation (Net Total at the year-end - corresponding to Schedule 8)		351,488	231,716
		13,201,373	9,435,728
TOTAL (B)		23 820 787	15.664.652
Balance being excess of Income over Expenditure (A-B) Transfer to Special Reserve (Specify each)		20,020,101	
Transfer to /from General Reserve		23,820,787	15,664,652
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	24	1 1	1 1

AUDITOR'S REPORT

As per our report of even date attached For VIPUL KUMAR & CO.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

mul Kurner

PLACE: NEW DELHISCH DATE: 04.09.2019

MAGCO

VIPUL KUMAR

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF NATIONAL CULTURE FUND

(CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER) amany

NATIONAL CULTURE FUND SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-03-2019

468,226,994		492,047,781		BALANCE AS AT THE YEAR - END
		i i		
15,664,652		23,820,787		from the Income and Expenditure Account Less: Amount Transferred to Separate Joint Bank A/c
	15,664,652		23,820,787	Add/(Deduct):Balance of net income/(expenditure) transferred
	3.			Add: Contributions towards Corpus/Capital Fund
452,562,342		468,226,994		Balance as at the beginning of the year
31.03.2018	31.0	.2019	31.03.2019	SCHEDULE 1 - CORPUS/CAPITAL FUND:

				TOTAL
	1 7 1			As per last Account Addition during the year Less:Deductions during the year
				4. General Reserve:
	1 1 1			3. Special Reserves: As per last Account Addition during the year Less:Deductions during the year
k	1 1 1			2. Revalution Reserve: As per last Account Addition during the year Less:Deductions during the year
	1 1 1			1. Capital Reserve: As per last Account Addition during the year Less: Deductions during the year
				SCHEDULE 2 - RESERVES AND SURPLUS:
Previous Year	Previo	Current Year	Curre	



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NATIONAL CULTURE FUND SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-03-2019

NET BALANCE AS AT THE YEAR-END (a+b-c)	ii. Revenue Expenditure-Salaries, Wages and allowances etc.-Rent-Other Administrative expenses- Project expensesTotal	c) Utilisation/Expenditure towards objectives of funds i. Capital Expenditure -Fixed Assets -Others Total	TOTAL (a+b)	Total (b)	 i. Donations/Grants ii. Income from Investments made on account of funds iii. Other additions (specify nature) 	a) Opening balance of the funds b) Additions to the Funds:	SCHEDOLE 3 - EARMARKED/ENDOWMENT FUNDS
	A	S per Annexu	/re /	Attac,		1	FUND-W
81,224,154 564 056 459	20,960 81,203,194 81,224,154		645,280,613	424,912,282	388,883,913 36,028,369	220,368,331	FUND-WISE BREAK UP
44,501,289	11,634 44,489,655 44,501,289		264,869,620	27,294,646	15,461,103 11,833,543	237,574,974	31 03 2018



Notes

2) Plan Funds received from the Central/State Governments are to be shown as separate Funds and not to be mixed up

with any other Funds.

1) Disclosures shall be made under relevant heads based on conditions attaching to the grants

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SCHEDULE 3 - EARMARKED/ENDOWMENT FUNDS

ANNEXURE TO SCHEDULE 3

NATIONAL CULTURE FUND SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-03-2019

FUND-WISE BREAK UP

TOTA	TOTAL (c)	e) Utilis	İ					PREVIO	TOTAL	TOTAL (c)	c) एसम ् र							
TOTAL OF FUNDS	TOTAL (c) NET BALANCE AS AT THE YEAR-END (a+b+c)	e) Utilisation/Expenditure towards objectives of funds - Other Administrative expenses - Project expenses Total	TOTAL (a+b)	Total (b)	ni. Other additions -pank interest -Sale of Ticket L&S Show)	i. Donations/Grants ii. Income from investments made on account of fund	a) Opening balance of the funds	PREVIOUS YEAR	TOTAL OF FUNDS	TOTAL (c) NET BALANCE AS AT THE YEAR-END (a+b-c)	e) Utilisation/Expenditure towards objectives of funds Other Administrative expenses Project expenses Total	TOTAL (a+b)	Total (b)	-Sale of Ticket (L&S Show)	b) Additions to the rungs: i. Donations/Grants ii. Income from Investments made on account of fund	a) Opening balance of the funds	CURRENT YEAR	
132,975	132,975		132,975	4,920		4,920	128,055	1	137,687	137,687	¥24	137,687	4,712		4,712	132,975	1	Project Children's Academy, Durgapur
21,018	118 21,018	118 118	21,136	756	9220	756	20,380	2	21,763	21,763		21,763	745	())	745	21,018	2	Project Humayun Tomb, Delhi
813,315	115 813,315	115	813,430	29,181		29,181	784,249	3	842,757	842,757	*8000	842,757	29,442	100	29,442	813,315	3	Project Jantar Mantar, Delhi
16,320	16,320	€(%)	16,320				16,320	4	12,013	4,307 12,013	4,307 4,307	16,320		Man		16,320	4	Project Janana Pravaha, Calcutta
59,392	115 59,392	115 115	59,507	2,684	,	2,684	56,823	CA CA	60,978	60,978		60,978	1,586	270	1,586	59,392	Ç8	Project Kishkinda Trust
1,115	72 1,115	z z	1,187				1,187	6	1,144	1,144	* * *	1,144	29	*	. 29	1,115	6	Project Ramana Maharishi Part 1
2,019,104	2,019,104	F 74	2,019,104				2,019,104	7	2,155,313	80,799 2,155,313	80,799 80,799	2,236,112	217,008	,	217,008	2,019,104	7	Project Shaniwarwad Pune
1,164,560	1,164,560	118	1,164,678	42,811		42,811	1,121,867	8	619,174	567,450.00 619,174.00	30.00 567,420.00 567,430.00	1,186,624	22,064.00	****	22,064.00	1,164,560	88	Project Raja Dinkar Kelkar Museum
46,436,772	20,109,547 46,436,772	20,109,369 20,109,369	66,546,319	1,982,861		1,982,861	64,563,458	9	50,140,601	1,103,253 50,140,601	1,103,253 1,103,253	51,243,854	4,807,082	400	4,807,082	46,436,772	9	Project DG Jaisalmer Fort
9,270	9,270	59 59	9,329	346	888	346	8,983	10	9,538	59 9,538	59 59	9,597	327	X .	327	9,270	10	Project Devahuti Damodar Swaraj Trust
3,487,415	3,487,415	115	3,487,530	125,236	67,	125,236	3,362,294	11	3,611,087	3,611,087		3,611,087	123,672		123,672	3,487,415	11	Project Lodhi Tomb
3,487,415 3,217,143	3,217,143	* *	3,217,143	119,106		119,106	3,098,037	12	3,331,230	3,331,230	# H	3,331,230	114,087		114,087	3,217,143	12	Project- Lauria Nandanagar- Bokaro Steel Plent
8,702,203	8,702,203	115	8,702,318	326,975	200	326,975	8,375,343	13	9,125,827	9,125,827	4 7 (40	9,125,827	423,624		423,624	8,702,203	13	Project Alambazar Math, Kolkata
819,147	3 2,000,720 819,147	720 2,000,000 2,000,720	2,819,867	104,142		104,142	2,715,725	-	848,177		(# (# h)	848,177	29,030	34	29,030	819,147	14	Project Hidimba Devi Temple- Manali
13,686	13,686	115	13,801	491		491	13,310	15	14,172	14,172		14,172	486		486	13,686	15	Project Gol Gumbaj, bijapur-STC



(Amount Rs.)
TOTAL

SUMILE SO IVAGE	TOTAL (c)	e) Utilis						PREVIOUS YEAR	TOTAL	NET BALL	c) Utilisa					C	
	TOTAL [c] NET BALANCE AS AT THE YEAR END [a+b-c]	e) Utilisation/Expenditure towards objectives of funds -Other Administrative expenses - Project expenses Total	TOTAL (a+b)	Total (b)	iii. Other additions -Bank Interest -Sale of Ticket (LMS Show)) Additions to the Funds: i. Donations/Grants ii. Income from Investments made on account of fund	a) Opening balance of the funds	SYEAR	TOTAL OF FUNDS	TOTAL (c) NET BALANCE AS AT THE YEAR-END (a+b-c)	e) Utilisation/Expenditure towards objectives of funds Other Administrative expenses - Project expenses Total	TOTAL (a+b)	Total (b)	Donations/Grants Donations/Grants Donations/Grants Income from Investments made on account of funs Income from Investments Donations/Grants Donations/Grants Sale of Ticked (L&S Show) Stage Rent Received	a) Opening balance of the funds	CURRENT YEAR	
	115 155,895	115	156,010	5,599	* *	5.599	150,411	16	161,422	161,422		161,422	5,527	5,527	155,895	16	Project Wazirpur ka Gumbaj-PEC
	854,035 118,031	649 853,386 854,035	972,066	94,798	* *	94,798	877,268	17	118,031	118,031		118,031	747	v v v v	118,031	17	Project Tughlakabad Fort
200 000	300,088	***	300,088	10,804		10,804	289,284	18	310,759	310,759	*	310,759	10,671	10,671	300,088	18	Project Hampi Foundation
	14,150,742		14,150,742	552,158	N 4	552,158	13,598,584	19	388,000,249	13,591,787 388,000,249	13,591,787 13,591,787	401,592,036	387,441,294	370,100,000 17,341,294	14,150,742	19	Project Indian Oil Foundation
	14,213		14,213			,	14,213	20	14,213	14,213		14,213		F(4-4)	14,213	20	Project Documantry on Kishore Amolkar
200	1,094,352	649	1,095,001	63,954		63,954	1,031,047	21	1,187,104	649 1,187,104	649	1,187,753	93,401	93,401	1,094,352	21	Project Hazardwari Murshidabad
200 000	649 1,448,226	649	1,448,875	87,391		87,391	1,361,484	22	1,507,262	39,257 1,507,262	549 38,608 39,257	1,546,519	98,293	98,293	1,448,226	22	Project Nauras Trust
1 967 063	826 1,867,063	826 826	1,867,889	127,053		127,053	1,740,836	23	1,977,449	3,483 1,977,449	549 2,834 3,483	1,980,932	113,869	113,869	1,867,063	23	Project N C F NTPC
350 003 1	1,602,836	649	1,603,485	96,781	* *	96,781	1,506,704	24	1,667,920	7,829 1,667,920	7,180 7,829	1,675,749	72,913	72,913	1,602,836	24	Project on film on Smt Mrinalni Sarabhai
8 000	1,239 8,909	1,239 1,239	10,148				10,148	П	5,900	3,009 5,900	3,009 3,009	8,909	•		8,909	25	Project ONGC National Museum
107 870	197,573	649	198,222	172,351		172,351	25,871	26	492,451	649 492,451	649	493,100	295,527	295,527	197,573	26	Project Reach Foundation
ACA CA	50,524	649	51,173	,			51,173	27	49,875	649 49,875	649	50,524		5858580	50,524	27	Project MSRVM Old Pushkar
393 050	393,050	649	393,699	21,202		21,202	372,497	28	419,453	2,821 419,453	2,821 2,821	422,274	29,224	29,224	393,050	28	Project SCI Mahabalipura m
17.156.490	1,118,700 17,156,490	1,118,051 1,118,700	18,275,190	660,585		660,585	17,614,605	29	20,257,690	1,649 20,257,690	1,000 1,649	20,259,339	3,102,849	3,102,849	17,156,490	29	Project AHOM Monument



national culture fund schedules forming part of balance sheet as at 31-

	TOTAL (c)	c) Utilisat					PREVIOUS YEAR	TOTAL C	TOTAL (c)		c) Utilisati	7	-1		1 81 2	b) (d	cu	
	NOTAL [c] NOT BALANCE AS AT THE YEAR-END [n+b-c]	e) Villisation/Expenditure towards objectives of funds -Other Administrative expenses - Project expenses - Total	TOTAL (a+b)	Total (b) Stage Rent Received	b) Additionate the Pands: i. Donations (Grants ii. Income from Investments made on account of fund iii. Other additions-Bank Interest iii. Other additions-Bank Interest	s) Opening balance of the funds	YEAR	TOTAL OF FUNDS	TOTAL (c) NET BALANCE AS AT THE YEAR-END (n+b-c)	- Project expenses	c) Utilisation/Expenditure towards objectives of funds -Other Administrative expenses	TOTAL (a+b)	Total (b)	-Sale of Ticket L&S Show)	i. Donations/Grants ii. Income from Investments made on account of fund iii. Other additions. Bank Interest	a) Opening balance of the funds b) Additions to the Funds:	CURRENT YEAR	
	649 80,820	649	81,469	1,446	1,446	80,023	30	81,860	649 81,860	649	649	82,509	1,689	25.0	1,689	80,820	30	Project on India Photo Archive Foundation
	435,536	Fig. 176	435,536			435,536	31	435,536	435,536	*		435,536	392	300	1.1.1	435,536	31	Project NTPC Nagric Sewa Mandal
	321,508	649	322,157		L L L	322,157	32	320,859	320,859	649	649	321,508	٠			321,508	32	Project VCF REC
	384,169	649	384,818	58,026	58,026	326,792	33	421,292	2,649 421,292	2,649	2,649	423,941	39,772		39,772	384,169	33	Project HUDCO Sunderwala
	54,748		54,748	13,525	13,525	41,223	34	68,982	68,982		10	68,982	14,234	E.	14,234	54,748	34	Project NCF NTPC Jantar Mantar
	16,519 184,720	649 15,870 16,519	201,239		F 8 V	201,239	35	198,126	3,299 198,126	3,299	649	201,425	16,705		16,705	184,720	35	Project SMT Uttaradevi Charitable
	1,916,891		1,916,891	70,968	70,968	1,845,923	36	1,984,867	1,984,867	·	~	1,984,867	67,976		67,976	1,916,891	36	Project NCF Navelli Ligenite
	916,000 3,392,852	916,000	4,308,852	238,049	238,049	4,070,803	37	3,100,911	483,200 3,100,911	483,200	483 200	3,584,111	191,259		191,259	3,392,852	37	Project NCF Bhel SSS
	1,147,998		1,147,998	42,502	42,502	1,105,496	38	1,188,708	1,188,708		X	1,188,708	40,710	- 4	40,710	1,147,998	38	Project NCF Osmaniya University
1000000	13,344,029 11,600,229	13,344,029 13,344,029	24,944,258	4,530,163	4,530,163	20,414,095	39	6,044,832	9,911,317 6,044,832	9,911,317	0 011 317	15,956,149	4,355,920		4,355,920	11,000,229	39	Project NCF Sony India Ltd
64 070 074	6,132,776 64,079,254	6,132,776 6,132,776	70,212,030	16,409,603	14,162,924 2,246,679	53,802,427	40	58,181,458	24,122,677 58,181,458	24,122,677	24 122 677	82,304,135	18,224,881		3,615,809	04,079,204	40	Project NCF IFCL
21 200 170	31,298,179		31,298,179.00	1,298,179	1,298,179	30,000,000	41	754,602	31,290,410 754,602	31,290,410		32,045,012	746,833		746,833	31,290,179	41	Project NBCC INDIA
					1 1		40	754,602 4,173,187	1,654 4,173,187	1,654	1,654	4,174,841	4,174,841		4,174,841		40	Project Vong
220 268 221	44,501,289 220,368,331	11,634 44,489,655 44,501,289	264,869,620	27,294,646	15,461,103 11,833,543	237,574,974		564,056,459	81,224,154 564,056,459	81,224,154	20,960 81.203.194	645,280,613	424,912,282		36,028,369	100,000,003		Total



NATIONAL CULTURE FUND SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-03-2019

SCHEDULE 4 - SECURED LOANS AND BORROWINGS Financial Institutions Other Institutions and Agencies 2. State Government (Specify) 6. Debentures and Bonds 4. Banks 7. Others (specify) Note Amounts due within one year 1.Central Government a) Term Loans a) Term Loans Interest accrued and due b) Interest accrued and due -Interest accrued and due b) Other Loans (specify) 31.03.2019 (Amount Rs.) 31.03.2018



NATIONAL CULTURE FUND SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-03-2019

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TOTAL	a) Acceptances secured by hypothecation of capit b) Others	SCHEDULE 6-DEFERRED CREDIT LIABILITIES:	TOTAL	8. Others (Specify)	7. Fixed Deposits	6. Debentures and Bonds	5. Other Institutions and Agencies	4. Banks:a) Term Loansb) Other Loans (specify)	3. Financial Institutions	2. State Government (Specify)	1. Central Government	SCHEDULE 5 - UNSECURED LOANS AND BORROWINGS
	apit -	Current Year						, ,	, i			SS 31.03.2019
		Current Year Previous Year		ı	ı				í	ı	Ť.	01.00.2010



64

NATIONAL CULTURE FUND SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-03-2019

3,516,010		3,819,276		TOTAL (A+B)
2				TOTAL (B)
1				B. PROVISIONS 1. For Taxation
3,516,010		3,819,276		TOTAL (A)
2,191,170	1,330,330 119,084 742,475 (719)	2,172,086	1,330,330 100,000 742,475 (719)	4. Other current Liabilities: Earnest Money ; Amount Refundable to Projects : Expenses Payable : Payable to National Museum : Payable to Ministry of Culture
17,506	17,506	244,962	244,962	3.Statutory Liabilities: a) Others : TDS Payable
462,051	462,051	462,051	462,051	2. Advances Received
845,283		940,177		1. Sundry Creditors a) For Goods & Services
				SCHEDULE 7 - CURRENT LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS A. CURRENT LIABILITIES
31.03.2018	31.03	31.03.2019	31.0	



NATIONAL CULTURE FUND SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-03-2019

DESCRIPTION			GROSS BLOCK	BLOCK			DEPRECIATION	NOITAL		NICE OF	220
	Rate of Dep.	Cost/valuation As at beginning of the year	Additions during the year	Deductions during the year	Deductions Cost/valuation during at the the year year-end	As at the beginning of the year	On Additions during the year	On deductions during the year	Total up to the year-end	As at the As Current Pr	As at the Previous year-end
1 Airconditioners 2 Voltage Stablizer 3 Refrigerator	15% 15% 15%	57,500 4,800 7,063	37,060		57,500 4,800 44,123	56,778 4,740 6,945	108 9 5,577		56,886 4,749 12,522	614	722 60
4 Furniture Items	10%	30,39,564	1,01,008		31,40,572	11,77,965	1,86,160		13.64.125	17 76 447	18 61 60
5 Photocopier 6 Fax Machine	15% 15%	6,89,612 35,900			6,89,612 35,900	5,63,112 28,797	18,975 1,065		5,82,087 29,862	1,07,525	1,26,500
7 Computer Hardware 8 Computer Software	40% 40%	8,96,554 24,390	2,77,880 23,340		11,74,434 47,730	8,94,860 24,381	1,22,610 9.339		10,17,470	1,56,964	1,694
9 Office Equipments	15%		17,300		17,300		7,645		7,645	9,655	
PREVIOUS YEAR		47,55,383	4,56,588		52,11,971	27.57.578	3 51 488		31 00 066	22	
(Note to be given as to cost of assets on him	n hire nurchase	hasis included the	-		47,55,383	22,63,851	2,31,716		24.95.567	22 59 816	24 01 62

Fixed Assets grouping has been changed in order to comply with the requirement of New Accounting Format prescribed by the C & AG



NATIONAL CULTURE FUND SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-03-2019

SCHEDULE 9 - INVESTMENTS FROM EARMARKED/ENDOWMENT FUNDS 31.03.2019 4. Debentures and Bonds 2. Other approved Securities In Government Securities TOTAL Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures Others (Specific projects FDR) Project Janana Pravah - FDR Project DG Jaisalmer - FDR Project Ch. Charan Singh Birth Centenary - FDR (Amount Rs.) 31.03.2018

NATIONAL CULTURE FUND SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-03-2019

		(Alliount No.)
SCHEDULE 10 - INVESTMENTS - OTHERS	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
1. In Government Securities	1	
Other approved Securities		
3. Shares		1
4. Debentures and Bonds		1
Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		
6. Others (to be specified)	1	1
TOTAL	1	



NATIONAL CULTURE FUND SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-03-2019

TOTAL (A+B)	TOTAL(B)	4. Claims Receivable/TDS recoverable : On NCF Investments 11,049,141 On Projects 5,932,185	3. Income Accrued a) On Investments from Earmarked/Endowment Funds b) On Investments - Others c) Others 4,669,804	2. Advances and other amounts recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received a) Prepayments b) Others: DG (ASI) 124,140	B. LOANS, ADVANCES AND OTHER ASSETS 1. Loans c) Other	TOTAL(A) - Details as per Annexure enclosed	3. Bank Balances: a) With Scheduled Banks: -On Deposit Accounts (includes margin money)Annexure-1 enclosed -On Saving Accounts Annexure-1 enclosed 443,303,848	391,3	CONTROL TO
1,057,820,611	37,547,794	16,981,326	1024 20,442,328	40 124,140		1,020,272,817	1,019	69 391,369	
		10,117,813 5,005,522	1,106,949 11,991,058				596,135,274 65,360,520	391,369	
690,113,530	28,221,342	15,123,335	13,098,007			661,892,188	661,495,794	391,369	



ARVIND MANJIT SINGH
Chief Exicutive Officer
National Culture Fund

68

NATIONAL CULTURE FUND SCHEDULES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-03-2019

Closing Balance	AS ON 31.03	(IN RUPEES) 3.2019	AS ON 31.0	(IN RUPEES 03.2018
NCF - Imprest	07			
Specific Projects	67	67	5,025	5,02
Total 1		67		5,02
BANK BALANCE				0,02
BANK BALANCE Bank Balance with Scheduled Banks :	The second second			
a) On Current Accounts	De la Charlestania de la compansa del compansa de la compansa del compansa de la		100	
b) On deposit accounts includes margin money	the Committee of			
NCF Head Office				
State Bank of India, New Delhi				
PNB Bank, New Delhi	141 016 040		*	
IDFC Bank, New Delhi	141,216,949			
Canara Bank	200 927 429		198,123,902	
Specific projects	299,837,428		223,744,077	
Fixed Deposits- Projects	125 522 156	E70 E77 E00	474 007 005	500 105 05
Tixed Deposits- Projects	135,523,156	576,577,533	174,267,295	596,135,27
c) On Saving accounts				
NCF Head Office	Let 4 et la 24 et la 14 et la			
NCF LTP A/c No. 1231	11,179,296		10,741,918	
IDFC BANK A/C NO. 7884	480,700		458,323	
State Bank Of India	5,985,025		5,780,052	
IDBI BANK A/C NO. 0055	3,968,659		3,814,217	
CANARA BANK A/C 627	3,664,467		4,577,445	
	0,004,407	25,278,147	4,377,440	25,371,95
Specific projects		20,270,147		23,371,93
Project Children's Academy , Durgapur	137,577		132,865	
Project Humanyun tomb	21,763		21,018	
Project Jaislmer Fort -Bank Project Jantar Mantar	1,623		180,731	
Project Janana Pravaha	841,425 6,841		812,608 6,471	
Project Kishkinda Trust	60,978		59,392	
Project Ramanna Maharshi- Part- I	1,144		1,115	
Project Devahuti damodar Swaraj Trust Project Raja Dinkar Kelkar Museum	9,498		9,230	
Project Shaniwarwada	619,174 2,155,313		1,164,560 2,019,104	
Project Alambazar Math	9,125,827		8,702,203	
Project Gol Gumbaj	14,172	170 500	13,686	
Project Hidimba Temple- Manali Project Wazirpur ka Gumbaj	848,177		819,147	
Project Indian Oil Foundation	161,422 388,000,249		155,895 14,150,742	
Project Hampi Foundation	310,759		300,088	
Project Lodhi Tomb	3,611,087		3,487,415	
Project NBCC- India SBI Bank Project Hazardwari Murshidabad	1,063 97,546		107,033	
Project Indian photo archive	51,967		98,196 52,617	
Project Nauras Trust	48,560		49,209	
Project NCF - NTPC	27,225		27,874	
Project on Film on Smt Mrinalni Sarabhai Project ONGC Reach Foundation	97,544 18,669		98,192	
Project MSRVM (old) Pushkar	49,784		19,317 50,433	
Project ONGC AHOM Monuments	17,512		19,160	
Project SCI Mahaballipuram	70,403		71,051	
Project National Museum ONGC Project Lauria Nandanagar Bokaro	5,900		8,909	
Project Nagrik Seva Mandal	3,331,230 435,536		3,217,143 435,536	
Project Uttradevi Charitable	21,100		22,749	
Project STC Jantar Mantar	18,255		17,630	
Project HUDCO Craft Sunderwala	38,202		39,852	
Project BHEL SSS Project NCF Navelli Ligenite	119,928 1,984,867		113,244 1,916,891	
Project REC	23,825		25,474	
Project IFCL	146,319		174,961	
Project Sony India Limited	1,007		109,190	
project Jaisalmer (New) Project Osmania University	116,835 1,188,708	20	112,834 1,147,998	
Project HUDCO Craft Training	8,328		6,952	
Project Vong	4,173,187			
Project Janana Pravaha 2	5,172	418,025,701	9,850	39,988,565
Total 2		1,019,881,381		661,495,794
				a but the same of





NATIONAL CULTURE FUND
Schedules forming part of the Income and Expenditure account for the year ending on 31.03.2019 (Amount Rs.)

	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
SCHEDULE 12 - INCOME FROM SALES/SERVICES		
1) Income from Sales	1170	
a) Sale of Finished Goods		•
b) Sale of Raw Material	ř.	ï
c) Sale of Scraps	,	1
2) Income from Services		
a) Labour and Processing Charges	ı	1
b) Professional/Consultancy Services	1	1
c) Agency Commission and Brokerage		•
d) Maintenance Services (Equipment/Property)	1	
e) Others (Specify)	1	•
TOTAL		1

TOTAL	6) Others : Donation	5) International Organisations	4) Institutions/Welfare Bodies	3) Government Agencies	2) State Government	1) Central Government	(Irrevocable Grants & Subsidies Received)	SCHEDULE 13 - GRANTS/SUBSIDIES	TOTAL	e) Others (Specify)	d) Maintenance Services (Equipment/Property)	c) Agency Commission and Brokerage	b) Professional/Consultancy Services	a) Labour and Processing Charges	2) Income from Services	c) Sale of Scraps	b) Sale of Raw Material	
2,000	2,000		í	1	1	ı		31.03.2019		1	1		1	1		,	Ē.	
1,880	1,880		1	1	1	1		31.03.2018	ı	1		ı.		1		1	i	



Schedules forming part of the Income and Expenditure account for the year ending on 31.03.2019

ntrance Fees ntrance Fees nnual Fees/Subscriptions eminar/Program Fees onsultancy Fees thers (Specify)				TOTAL
		41		5) Others (Specify)
				 Consultancy Fees
	,	1		Seminar/Program Fees
	1	1	ns	Annual Fees/Subscriptions
	,	·		1) Entrance Fees
31.03.2018	TO I		NS .	SCHEDULE 14 - FEES/SUBSCRIPTIONS
24 02 2040 24 02 2040	31.03.2018	31.03.2019 3		

TOTAL TRANSFERRED TO EARMARKED/ENDOWMENT FUNI	Less: Transferred to Earmarked/Endowment Fund	4) Others - Fixed Deposits relating to Projects	3) Rents	b) On Mutual Fund Securities	a) On Shares	2) Dividends	b) Other Bonds/Debentures	a) On Govt. Securities	1) Interest	SCHEDULE 15 - INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS	31.03.2019 31.03.2018	Investment from Earmarked Fund
	1	1	1					,				ked Fund
1			ı		,			,			31.03.2019	Investm
1						1		,			31.03.2019 31.03.2018	Investment Others



Schedules forming part of the Income and Expenditure account for the year ending on 31.03.2019 (Amount Rs.)

2,41,46,569	3,28,14,560	TOTAL
		4 Interest on Debtors and Other Receivables
		3 On Loans: a) Employees/Staff b) Others
12,81,829	10,20,590	 2 On Savings Accounts: a) With Scheduled Banks b) With Non-Scheduled Banks c) Post Office Saving Accounts d) Others
		d) Others
2,28,64,740	3,17,93,970	1 On Term Depositsa) With Scheduled Banksb) With Non-Scheduled Banks
		SCHEDULE 17 - INTEREST EARNED
31.03.2018	31.03.2019	
		TOTAL
. 1	1	3 Others
т 1	η t	1 Income from Royalty
31.03.2018	31.03.2019	SCHEDULE 16 - INCOME FROM ROYALTY, PUBLICATIONS ETC.



Schedules forming part of the Income and Expenditure account for the year ending on 31.03.2019 (Amount Rs.)

		TOTAL
9,51,931	42,05,600	TOTAL
9,50,000 1,931	42,00,000 5,600	2 Export Incentives realized3 Fees for Admistrative Services4 Miscellaneous Income
1 1	1 1	Profit on Sale/disposal of Assets a) Owned Assets b) Assets acquired out of grants, or received free of cost
31.03.2018	31.03.2019 31.03.2018	SCHEDIII F 18 - OTHER INCOME

,		NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) (a-b)	
	1 1	b) Less: Opening Stock - Finished Goods - Work in Progress	b)
1 1	1 1	a) Closing Stock - Finished Goods - Work in Progress	a)
ROGRESS)S & WORK IN F	SCHEDULE 19 - INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN STOCK OF FINISHED GOODS & WORK IN PROGRESS	SCHEDUL
31.03.2018	31.03.2019		
9,51,931	42,05,600	TOTAL	
		T HISOCHICATION TO THE PARTY OF	-

23,29,026	36,63,176	TOTAL
20000		
		g) Office . notionalism
0,000	00,000	Othor
5 000	55 000	t) Expenses on Employee's Neuralization and Commission
		For lower Bottroment and Terminal Benefits
		e) Staff Welfare Expenses
1		a) Collabaton to Calci t and Copenity
	-	2) Contribution to Other Flind (Specify)
		c) Contribution to Provident Fully
	,	7/
		b) Allowances and Bonus
ı		a) Calaires and sanger
70,77,024	36,00,170	a) Salaries and Wages
23 24 822	26 08 176	SCHEDULE 20 - ESTABLISHMENT EXPENSES
31.03.2018	31.03.2019	



ARVIND MANJIT SINGH Chief Exicutive Officer National Culture Fund

36,63,176

HEDULE 21 - OTUEB ADMINISTRA	Part of the Income and Expenditure	IAN
ercount for the year ending on 31.03.2019	2000	ONAL CULTURE FUND



NATIONAL CULTURE FUND
Schedules forming part of the Income and Expenditure account for the year ending on 31.03.2019
(Amount Rs.)

-	4,651,121	TOTAL
		b) Subsidies given to Institutions/Organisations
	4,000,000 651,121	 a) Project DonationGiven To Akhil Bhartiya Itihas Sankalan Project Donation given to Asto Link for Nalanda, ASI site
		SCHEDULE 22 - EXPENDITURE ON GRANTS, SUBSIDIES ETC.
31.03.2018	31.03.2019	
(Amount Ks.)		

5,598,765	480,555	TOTAL
975 5,597,790	349 480,206	a) Bank Charges b)Penalties On TDS /Income Tax
01.00.2010	01.00.2010	SCHEDULE 23 - INTEREST
24 02 2018	34 03 3049	The second secon



	RE	CEIPTS AND PAY	RECEIPTS AND PAYMENT ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31 03 2019		
RECEIPTS	31.03.2019	31.03.2018	PAYMENTS		
I. Opening Balance			I. Expenses	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
(a) Cash in Hand	5,025	15	(a) Establishment Expenses	3 787 316	3 3 3 3 6 9 3 3
(b) Bank Balances			(b) Administrative Expenses		770,620,7
(i) In Deposit Accounts	596,135,274	556,896,935	(a) Commission of Cybellses	3,751,767	1,134,785
(II) In Savings Accounts	65,360,520	91,413,683	II. Payments made against funds		
IV. Interest Received			Expenditure on grants Earmarked/endoment Funds	4,651,121	
(a) On Bank Deposits	23,612,248	37,740,590		81,224,154	44,501,289
V Other Income (Specify)			IV. Expenditure on Fixed Assets & CWIP		
Donation/Grant	2,000	767,680	(a) Purchase of Fixed Assets	456,588	300
VI. Any other receipts (give details) (a) Earmarked/Endow Finds			V. Refund of Surplus money/Loans (a) To the Government of India		
Addition to the Funds	424,912,282	27 294 646	VI Finance Chargos (Interest)		
(b) Miscellaneous Income	4,205,600	951,931	VI. Filialice Citarges (litterest)	349	975
			VIII. Other Payments (Specify)		
			Treasure Of India	480,206	5,597,790
			J Paul Gutty		
			Nirion Foundation Trust Leadership Training Programme		, ,
			(a) Cash in Hand	67	5.025
			(b) bank balance		-
			(ii) In Savings Account	576,577,533 443,303,848	596,135,274
Total	4 444 222 040	745 005 400			18

AS per our report of even date attached

For VIPUL KUMAR AND CO Chartered Accountants (Firm Reg. No. 015053N)

VIPUL KUMAR (Partner)
M.N.: 094803
PLACE: NEW DELHI
DATE: 04.09.2019

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF NATIONAL CULTURE FUND

(Chief Executive Officer) Emons

SCHEDULE 24 & 25

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND NOTES TO ACCOUNTS FORM AN INTEGRAL PART OF BALANCE SHEET AND INCOME & EXPENDITURE ACCOUNTS

D : Significant Accounting Policies:

Accounting Convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and other mandatory accounting standards

Fixed Assets and Depreciation

- Fixed Assets are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation
- The depreciation on fixed assets is provided on written down value method as per the rates prescribed in the Income tax Act, 1961.
- 0 b a In respect of additions to /deduction from fixed asset during the year depreciation is considered on pro-rata basis.

cu Method of Accounting

changed its method of accounting from cash basis to accrual basis with effect from the financial year 2001-02 onwards The Trust was maintaining its accounts on cash basis however in order to comply with the requirements for Central Autonomous Bodies the trust has

4 Revenue Recognition

- The Trust is following accrual system of accounting and all the revenues are recognized as and when the same become due to receive and all the expenses are accounted for as and when the same become due for payment
- The Income/loss from specific projects will be recognized in the year of completion of the respective projects

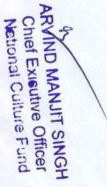
5 Investments

The trust do not have any Investment of the nature specified in Uniform Format of Accounts (Schedule 9 and Schedule 10)

B CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent liabilities are not provided in the books of accounts but disclosed by way of notes to the accounts





: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent liabilities are not provided in the books of accounts but disclosed by way of notes to the accounts.

: NOTES ON ACCOUNTS

0

The Corpus/Capital fund given in Schedule - 1 comprises of two parts, namely, primary corpus and secondary corpus. Details are as under:

1.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10			ALL Committee data with the state of the land of the l
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TO,04,40,001.00	41,04,40,097.00	19,00,00,100,00	Opening Balance
46 80 06 094 06	30 00 00 00 06	10 50 00 100 00)
		A DATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF	
	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)	
	Too Common Conf.	a annual you pur	raiticulais
LOIAL CORPOR	Secondary Corpus	Primary Cornus	Doubles

- 2 No provision for income tax has been made in view of exemption u/s 12 A of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ω. As per the Gazette of India Notification dated 28.11.1996 para 15, NCF has to deposit moneys of the Fund not immediately required on short term basis in Fixed Deposits / Certificates of Public Sector Banks. Accordingly these Fixed deposits are shown by the trust in Schedule 11 under "Bank Balances- Deposit Accounts"
- 4 Corresponding figures for the previous year has been regrouped / rearranged wherever necessary.
- account for the year ended on that date Schedule 1 to 25 are annexed to and form an integral part of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and expenditure on the schedule 1 to 25 are annexed to and form an integral part of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and expenditure on the schedule 1 to 25 are annexed to and form an integral part of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and expenditure of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and expenditure of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and expenditure of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and expenditure of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and expenditure of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and expenditure of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and expenditure of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and expenditure of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and expenditure of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and expenditure of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and expenditure of the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the income and the balance sheet as at 31.03.2019 and the bal

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS For VIPUL KUMAR & CO.

WANTS*

Place: New Delhi WWAR & C

(PARTNER)

HEIN

HELLACO

Date: September

NATIONAL CULTURE FUND FOR AND ON BEHALF OF

(CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER) ARVIND MANJIT SINGH Chief Exicutive Officer National Culture Fund

amanis



National Culture Fund
Ministry of Culture
Government of India
Puratatva Bhawan,
5th Floor, D block, INA, New Delhi-110023
website; www.ncf.nic.in